

SHOULD A JUDGE WHO ACTS IN THE FOLLOWING MANNER CONTINUE TO SIT IN JUDGEMENT OVER THE AFFAIRS OF OTHERS?

ACCEPTABLE COURT CONDUCT

Judicial Error (without prejudice)
Applying the law fairly to both parties
Correcting judicial mistakes
Abiding by the Code of Judicial Conduct
Preserving the integrity of the Court

UN-ACCEPTABLE COURT CONDUCT

Disregarding the Constitution (U.S. and Pa.)
Denying a litigant Due Process of Law
Denying a litigant Equal Protection of law
Applying Rules of Evidence differently for the parties
Altering the record of proceedings
Covering up Criminal Acts within the court system
Obstructing access to court records
Violating the Code of Judicial Conduct
Expressing prejudice

Judge Alan M. Black Must be IMPEACHED FROM OFFICE for:

- ◆ enforcing a law *ex post facto* in violation of the U.S. and Pennsylvania Constitutions;
- ◆ violating my 14th Amendment rights under the Constitution of the United States;
- ◆ intentionally depriving me of due process of law;
- ◆ intentionally depriving me of equal protection of law;
- ◆ failing to protect my Constitutional right to a hearing in a fair and impartial court;
- ◆ intentionally violating my fundamental rights for a hearing on the merits;
- ◆ intentionally misapplying the law;
- ◆ violating Canons 1, 2, and 3 of Pennsylvania's Code of Judicial Conduct;
- ◆ disregarding Pennsylvania Rules of Evidence; (using different standards for each party;
-- accepting facts not in evidence; disregarding competent testimony; etc.)
- ◆ giving *prejudicial* superior weight to misrepresentations of fact and law by opposing counsel;
- ◆ intentionally refusing to take judicial notice of misrepresented facts, failing to correct them;
- ◆ intentionally misrepresenting facts and the law in his written Opinion;
- ◆ intentionally preventing timely access to court records;
- ◆ verbally expressing prejudice against my attorney;
- ◆ unlawfully removing audio tapes from the protection of the court reporter;
- ◆ facilitating the unlawful alteration of the audio record of proceedings, an obstruction of justice;
- ◆ violating the Code of Judicial Conduct by withdrawing his recusal after recusing himself following allegations of criminal misconduct; and later denying a motion demanding his disqualification;
- ◆ knowingly permitting a court reporter to testify falsely, thereby suborning perjury.

A fundamental requirement for a hearing on the merits is that both parties must testify, and that each party must be subject to cross-examination by the other party. Judge Black conducted my case by excusing plaintiff from testifying, accepting facts not in evidence on behalf of plaintiff, and preventing my lawyer from cross-examining her. According to the U.S. Supreme Court, Judge Black violates my right to due process.

"In almost every setting where important decisions turn on questions of fact, due process requires opportunity to confront and cross-examine witnesses." *Goldberg v. Kelly*, (1970).

The duty of the court is to seek the truth, and then to apply the law to the true facts in the matter. A judge who conceals or misrepresents the truth is UNFIT for Office, and Must be IMPEACHED.

I have submitted a Petition to Impeach Judge Black before the Pennsylvania House of Representatives. Write to your State Representative advising him/her to ***Impeach Judge Alan M. Black.***